時制と相 Tense & Aspect

2010. 10. 27 (木) 戸室

く時制>

現在時制

過去時制

未来時制

<相>

基本形

進行形

完了形

完了進行形

<例文>

- 1. She gets up at 7:00 every morning.
- 2. She got up at 5:00 yesterday because she had an early morning class.
- 3. She'll get up at 10:00 tomorrow because she took a day-off.
- 4. I'm waiting for her now.
- 5. I was taking a shower when you called.
- 6. I'll be meeting a client tomorrow at 10:00. Can we go out for lunch at 1:00?
- 7. I have just painted the wall.
- 8. The movie had <u>already</u> started when we got to the theater.
- 9. She will have arrived by 10:00 tomorrow. (be-V の場合が攻略本 p64 #127)
- 10. I have been working on this project for 2 weeks.
- 11. We had been working on the project for a month when he joined us.
- 12. We will have been working on this project for more than 3 months next week.

<練習>

攻略本: p62 #120, #121, #122, #123, #124

◆練習3◆

で 株合 3 で	
空欄に	当てはまるものを(A)~(D)から選びましょう。
12	0. Before she bought a digital camera, Ms. Brown had not any cameras.
	(A) owns
	(B) owned
	(C) own
	(D) owning
12	1. The manufacturer TV sets in developing countries ten years ago.(A) produces
	(B) has produced
	(C) produced
	(D) has been produced
12	2. Since last year, Ms. Lee in charge of public relations.
	(A) has been
	(B) was
	(C) has had
	(D) is
12	3. The company the charity concert for the past two decades. (A) had been sponsored
	(B) is sponsoring
	(C) sponsors
	(D) has sponsored
12	4. My boss a presentation when I entered the office.
	(A) was making
	(B) is making
	(C) has been making

(D) has made